The Trojan Money Spinner

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What is a Banking Trojan?



- Targets bank account transactions and information (credentials etc.)
 - "Phishing Trojans"
 - Subcategory of Crimeware

Banker	Bzub (aka Metafisher)
Bancos	Snatch
Haxdoor (aka A-311 Death)	Sters (aka Briz aka VisualBreeze)
Sinowal (aka Torpig aka Anserin)	Gozi
Nuklus (aka Apophis)	

Banking Trojan Problem

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- The machine has been infected already
 - Exploits
 - Social engineering: Spam attachments
- User does not necessarily do anything wrong
 - Trojan waits until the user goes to bank
 - Can user education help?

Attacking the Session



- Spying of Credentials Attacks Used
 - Key logging
 - Local content injection
 - Form grabbing
 - Screen capture

- Video capture
- Fake website (pharming)
- Man-in-the-Middle (dns changers)
- Man-in-the-Browser

- Hijacking Sessions
 - Man-in-the-Middle (network, injection of data)
 - Man-in-the-Browser





- User submits data to a legitimate banking website using web forms
- Malware monitoring the web browser can grab that data
- Form grabbing is the method of choice for capturing banking data
 - All credentials typically end up in a web form
 - Keylogging would result in a lot of useless data



Example: Form Grabbing Using Inline Hooking



- Qhost.JE injects a DLL into Internet Explorer
- The DLL hooks HttpSendRequestA
- The hook grabs POST data and uploads it to an FTP server

```
esp, 0FFFFFF8h
add
        offset ModuleName : "wininet.dll"
push
call
        GetModuleHandleA
        ebx, eax
MOV
        offset ProcName ; "HttpSendRequestA"
push
                         : hModule
push
        ebx
call
        GetProcAddress
       HttpSendRegOrigAddr, eax
MOV
                        ; 1pNumberOfBytesRead
push
        esp
                        : nSize
push
        6
        offset TrampolineBuffer ; lpBuffer
push
        eax, HttpSendRegOrigAddr
MOV
                        : 1pBaseAddress
push
        eax
push
        ØFFFFFFFh
                         : hProcess
        ReadProcessMemory ; Read original 6 bytes into trampoline but
call
        PatchBufferStart, 68h ; Push -- Start formatting the patch
mov
        HttpSendReqHookingFuncOffset, offset HttpSendRequestHook ; St
MOV
        PatchBufferEnd, 0C3h ; ret
mov.
                         : 1pNumberOfButesWritten
push
        esp
                         : nSize
push
        6
nuch
        offeot DatebDufforStart • loDuffor
```





- Browser is a trusted terminal of the online bank
 - Not maintained by the bank
- Many banks only check the credentials of the terminal on entry
- A MitB attack can hijack the authenticated session
 - Transactions can be added or modified



Pharming with Trojans

- Browser can be tricked into accessing a malicious web server
 - Hosts file poisoning
 - Hooking
- Browser will still display the correct URL
- SSL will not help
- Malware can suppress dialogs
 - Import own root certificate
 - Hook, patch
 - User imitation





Filtering Data



- Banking trojans target data related to online banking
- Only a small fraction of web form data or typed data is relevant
 - Information glut ensues (S/N)
- Attackers are typically only interested in certain banks
 - Familiar, local banks (Brazil)
 - Lowest hanging fruit
 - Banks with a large customer base

Banking trojans are only interested in banking data; and only in a small portion of that data.





 Trojan monitors browsing and activates when browser is connected to a bank

Window title enumeration using FindWindow()
BHO or Firefox Browser Extension
LSP (Layered Service Provider)
DDE (Dynamic Data Exchange) using WWW_GetWindowInfo topic
OLE (Object Linking and Embedding) using IWebBrowser2
Hooking (e.g. WinInet HttpSendRequest)

Example: Detecting the start of a banking session using DDE



Banker.CJM uses DdeConnect() with topic "WWW_GetWindowInfo" to query current Browser location from "iexplore"

MOV	[esp+24h+var_24], 2	4h
MOV	[esp+24h+var_18], 3	ECh
push	esp ; p	CC (context)
push	ebp ; h	szTopic (WWW_WindowInfo)
push	edi ; h	szService (dde string handle, name of app)
MOV	eax, dword_4B8FD8	
mov	eax, [eax+44h]	
push	eax ; i	dInst (instance id received from DdeInitialize)
call	DdeConnect	
mov	ebx, eax	Calls - C: Wocuments and Settings Administrator Wesktop Wina.scr - Winvog: 6.6.0007.
	Topic:	Raw args Func info Source Addrs Headings Nonvolatile regs Frame nums Source args More Less
		01000080 0012eabb 000003ec user32!DdeCreateStringHandleA WARNING: Stack unwind information not available. Following frames may be 004b1024 00edb324 00edb53c image00400000+0x765b6
		📕 Memory - "C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\owna.scr" - WinDbg:6.6.0007. 🏢 📃 🗖
		Virtual: 0012eabb Display format: Byte V Previous Ne
		0012eabb 57 57 57 5f 47 65 74 57 69 6e 64 6f 77 49 6e 66 6f 00 WWW_GetWindowInfo.
		01000080 0012eabb 000003ec user32!DdeCreateStringHandleA WARNING: Stack unwind information not available. Following fra 004b1024 00edb080 00edb470 image00400000+0x7657f
	Sorvico:	Memory - "C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\owna.scr" - WinDbg: 6.6.0007.
		j Virtual: 0012eabb Display format: Byte Verev
		0012eabb 69 65 78 70 6c 6f 72 65 00 00 00 14 00 60 00 1c 40 eb iexplore. 0012eacd 06 91 7c 20 00 00 00 d0 ed 12 00 00 00 00 00 ff ff ff

Analyzing Banking Trojans



- 1. Banking trojans filter out data
- 2. Trojans detect bank sites by URLs, Windows title string and other "banking strings"
- 3. Strings in the binary or downloaded from web
- 4. Filter list is typically cleartext in memory
- Banking trojans contain banking URLs in one form or another
- Analysis and categorization of banking trojans can be improved by looking for banking strings

Mstrings



- F-Secure in-house lab tool for analyzing banking trojans
- Searches memory for known banking strings
- Features:
 - Scans both user-mode and kernel memory
 - Can automatically decrypt basic forms of encryption/obfuscation
 - Has an updatable database with white listing



Mstrings vs. Haxdoor.KI



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Command Prompt

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop>mstrings.exe MSTRINGS v2.1.1002 Copyright (c) F-Secure Corporation 2007. All rights reserved. Using 859 search strings. Press 'x' to cancel the run. citibank] In string "citibank.de" Pid: 1832 (C:\WINDOWS\Explorer.EXE). Module: <not found>. Addr: 0x01c9b93a Desc: Citibank, Category: banking, Location: us, Url: http://www.citi.com/ KktNrTanEnz] In string "KktNrTanEnz" Pid: 1832 (C:\WINDOWS\Explorer.EXE), Module: <not found>, Addr: 0x01c9b950 Desc: Transaction number. Category: login data. Location: $\langle n/a \rangle$. llel: <n/a> volksbank l In string "volksbank" Pid: 1832 (C:\WINDOWS\Explorer.EXE), Module: <not found>, Addr: 0x01c9b975 Desc: Volksbank, Category: banking, Location: at, Url: http://www.volksbank.at/ deutsche-bank] In string "deutsche-bank" Pid: 1832 (C:\WINDOWS\Explorer.EXE), Module: <not found>, Addr: 0x01c9b987 Desc: Deutsche-Bank Gruppe, Category: banking, Location: de, Url: http://www.deutsche-bank.de/ postbank.nl] In string "postbank.nl" Pid: 1832 (C:\WINDOWS\Explorer.EXE), Module: <not found>, Addr: 0x01c9b9b6 Desc: Postbank NL. Category: banking, Location: nl.

Mstrings vs. Haxdoor.KI



Location: %windir%\system32\xopptp.dll at address 0x1001493d String related to McAfee (antivirus) in Explorer.EXE (PID: 1332) Search string "mpfagent.exe" found in "mpfagent.exe" Match: Location: %windir%\system32\xopptp.dll at address 0x100149bb String related to Nordea (banking) in IExplore.exe (PID: 216) Search string "nordea" found in "nordea.se" Match: Location: Stack or heap at address 0x001cdace String related to Nordea (banking) in Explorer.EXE (PID: 1332) Search string "nordea" found in "nordea.se" Match: Location: Stack or heap at address 0x018d9ff6 String related to Norisbank (banking) in IExplore.exe (PID: 216) Search string "norisbank.de" found in "norisbank.de" Match: Location: Stack or heap at address 0x001cdaa1 String related to Norisbank (banking) in Explorer.EXE (PID: 1332) Match: Search string "norisbank.de" found in "norisbank.de" Location: Stack or heap at address 0x018d9fc9 String related to Outpost firewall (antivirus) in IExplore.exe (PID: 216) Match: Search string "Outpost.exe" found in "outpost.exe" Location: %windir%\system32\xopptp.dll at address 0x100149c8

Results from Analysis: **Target?**



- Test run had 5,244
 samples
- 88 had banking strings
- Typically only a limited number of banks
- Typically targeted towards certain geographical areas



Number of targeted banks



Targeted Countries



Australia Austria Brazil Canada France Germany Greece Hong Kong India Ireland Italy Luxembourg **Netherlands**

Philippines Poland Spain Sweden Turkey UAE United Kingdom United States



Brazilian Banking Trojans Target Brazil



Target distribution of Banker family



Target Distribution of Haxdoor Samples



Number of Haxdoor detections added per month 11/05-04/07

The Brazilian Connection



- Brazilian Banking Trojans are local
 - Not really even targeting other South American countries
- Made and distributed by local gangs
- Distribution servers are typically not in Brazil
- There are a lot of Brazilian malware in general not just Banking Trojans
 - Big population
 - A pioneer in online banking
 - A lot of new computer users coming online every day



Problems with the String Search Approach

- Filter Strings Downloaded from a Control Server
 - No filter string included
 - Control servers may already be down
- Strong Encryption
- Multipartite Malware
 - Plugin architecture; Configuration needs to be correct
- Server Side Filtering
 - Roel's last minute presentation









- Banking trojan phenomenon can be analyzed by looking at which banks are being targeted
- The problem is getting worse
- Phishing has peaked already, banking trojans have not
- Multifactor authentication → Local Session Riding
- Man-in-the-Browser attack problem will not be solved through user education

Thank you! Questions?

